

INTEGRATED ACADEMIC PHARMACY STUDIES

FOURTH YEAR OF STUDIES

school year 2024/2025.

Subject:
BIOPHARMACY
The course is evaluated with 5 ECTS. There are 4 hours of active classes per week (2 hours of lectures and 2 hours of work in a small group)

TEACHERS AND ASSOCIATES:

RB	Name and surname	E-mail address	Vocation
1	Jovana Bradić	jovanabradickg@gmail.com	Associate Professor
2.	Marina Tomovic	marinapop@gmail.com	Full Professor
3.	Anica Petrović	petkovicanica0@gmail.com	Assistant Professor
4.	Marijana Andjic	andjicmarijana10@gmail.com	Teaching Assistant
5.	Marko Simic	simic.marko.kg@gmail.com	Teaching Assistant

COURSE STRUCTURE:

Module	le Name of the module		Teacher-leader
1	Drug development. Principles of drug absorption. Bioequivalence. Physico-chemical factors affecting drug release and absorption. Oral, buccal and sublingual administration of drugs. Parenteral, ophthalmic and transdermal drug administration: factors affecting release and absorption. Stability of the preparation.	7	Associate prof. Jovana Bradić
2	Nasal, inhalation, rectal and vaginal administration of drugs: factors affecting release and absorption. The role of new therapeutic systems in improving the bioavailability of drugs. Methods for examining the absorption and intestinal permeability of drugs.		Associate prof. Jovana Bradić

ASSESSMENT:

The student masters the subject in modules. The grade is equivalent to the number of points earned (see tables). Points are earned in the following ways:

TESTS: In this way, a student can earn up to 50 points.

FINAL EXAM: In this way, the student can gain up to 50 points.

In order to pass the exam, the student must achieve more than 50 percent of points on each of the defined elements.

		MAXIMUM	POINTS	
	MODULE	Teaching colloquium	Final exam	Σ
1	Drug development. Principles of drug absorption. Bioequivalence. Physicochemical factors affecting drug release and absorption. Oral, buccal and sublingual administration of drugs. Parenteral, ophthalmic and transdermal drug administration: factors affecting release and absorption. Stability of the preparation.	25	50	
2	Nasal, inhalation, rectal and vaginal administration of drugs: factors affecting release and absorption. The role of new therapeutic systems in improving the bioavailability of drugs. Methods for examining the absorption and intestinal permeability of drugs.	25		
	Σ	50		100

Assessment method based on points earned:

	Grading system			
Grade	No. of points	Description		
10	91-100	Excellent		
9	81-90	Exceptionally good		
8	71-80	Very good		
7	61-70	Good		
6	51-60	Passing		
5	< 51	Failing		

LITERATURE:

TITLE OF THE TEXTBOOK	THE AUTHORS	PUBLISHER	THE LIBRARY
Physicochemical Principles of Pharmacy.4th edition.	Florence T, Attwood D	United Kingdom, Pharmaceutical Press, 2006.	Does not have
Pharmaceutical Technology with Biopharmaceutics, Part I	Đurić Z	Shade, Zemun, 2004.	Has
Pharmaceutical medicine	Prostran M, Stanulović M, Marisavljević D, Đurić D	Belgrade, Faculty of Medicine, University of Belgrade, 2009.	Does not have
Reformulation and formulation of medicines. First edition.	Ibrić S, Parojičić J	Belgrade, Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Belgrade, 2012.	Does not have

All lectures are available on the website of the Faculty of Medical Sciences: www.medf.kg.ac.rs

THE PROGRAM:

FIRST MODULE: Drug development. Principles of drug absorption. Bioequivalence. Physico-chemical factors affecting drug release and absorption. Oral, buccal and sublingual administration of drugs. Parenteral, ophthalmic and transdermal drug administration: factors affecting release and absorption. Stability of the preparation.

TEACHING UNIT 1 (FIRST WEEK):	
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours
Drug development. Principles of drug absorption.	Drug development. Principles of drug absorption.
TEACHING UNIT 2 (SECOND WEEK):	
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours
Biological availability i bioequivalence. Biological availability and bioequivalence. TEACHING UNIT 3 (THIRD WEEK):	
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours
Physico-chemical factors affecting the release and absorption of drugs. Methods for improving the solubility of poorly soluble drugs	Methods for improving the bioavailability of poorly soluble drugs
UNIT 4 (FOURTH WEEK):	
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours
Oral route of drug administration. Factors influencing the release and absorption of oral dosage forms.	Oral route of drug administration. Factors influencing the release and absorption of oral dosage forms.

UNIT 5 (FIFTH WEEK):

lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours	
Buccal and sublingual administration of drugs. Factors affecting the release and absorption of dosage forms for buccal and sublingual administration.	Buccal and sublingual administration of drugs. Factors affecting the release and absorption of dosage forms for buccal and sublingual administration.	
UNIT 6 (SIXTH WEEK):		
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours	
Parenteral administration of drugs. Factors influencing the release and absorption of medicinal forms for parenteral administration.	Parenteral administration of drugs. Factors influencing the release and absorption of medicinal forms for parenteral administration.	
UNIT 7 (SEVENTH WEEK):		
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours	
Application of medicines through the skin. Factors affecting the release and absorption of preparations for application to the skin.	Application of medicines through the skin. Factors affecting the release and absorption of preparations for application to the skin.	
UNIT 8 (EIGHTH WEEK):		
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours	
Methods for improving the delivery of drugs through the skin.	Methods for improving the delivery of drugs through the skin.	
UNIT 9 (NINTH WEEK):		
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours	
Stability of medicinal forms. Methods for improving stability.	Stability of medicinal forms. Methods for improving stability.	
UNIT 10 (TENTH WEEK):		
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours	
Ophthalmological application of drugs. Factors affecting the release and absorption of ophthalmic preparations.	Ophthalmological application of drugs. Factors affecting the release and absorption of ophthalmic preparations.	

SECOND MODULE: Nasal, inhalation, rectal and vaginal administration of drugs: factors affecting release and absorption. The role of new therapeutic systems in improving the bioavailability of drugs. Methods for examining the absorption and intestinal permeability of drugs.

UNIT 11 (ELEVENTH WEEK):

drugs.

CIVIT II (BEE VEIVIII WEEK).		
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours	
Nasal administration of drugs. Factors influencing the release and absorption of nasal preparations.	Nasal administration of drugs. Factors influencing the release and absorption of nasal preparations.	
UNIT 12 (Twelfth Week):		
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours	
Inhalation administration of drugs. Factors influencing the release and absorption of inhalation preparations.	Inhalation administration of drugs. Factors influencing the release and absorption of inhalation preparations.	
UNIT 13 (WEEK THIRTEEN):		
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours	
Rectal and vaginal administration of drugs. Factors influencing the release and absorption of rectal and vaginal preparations.	Rectal and vaginal administration of drugs. Factors influencing the release and absorption of rectal and vaginal preparations.	
UNIT 14 (FOURTEENTH WEEK):		
ectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours	
The role of new therapeutic systems in improving the bioavailability of drugs.	The role of new therapeutic systems in improving the bioavailability of drugs.	
UNIT 15 (FIFTEENTH WEEK):		
lectures 2 hours	exercises for 3 hours	
Methods for examining the absorption and intestinal permeability of	Methods for examining the absorption and intestinal permeability of drugs.	